THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

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BY
JOHN SCULL,
CORNER OF MARKET & FRONT STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

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PERSONS sending Advertisements are requested to note the number of times they wish them inserted.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS, and printing in general, executed with neatness and despatch.

Speakman & Say,
OF PHILADELPHIA,
DRUGGISTS,

Having established a *Drug & Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, & taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

in Market Street, the third door from Front Street,

Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expenses, ONLY.

☞ *They now offer for sale, an assortment of DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, DYES, &c. for CASH, PRODUCE, or at the usual credit.*

May 30, 1813 tfq

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Offer on Leases of Ten Years from the first of April, 1815, the following

PROPERTY IN PITTSBURGH.

No. 1. THE Ferry Lot on the corner of Wood, Water, and Front streets. It contains 60 feet on Water street, on which are a valuable two story brick house and a three story frame one, weather-boarded and painted, and is a capital stand for a Store. The Ferry is allowed to be the best one on the Monongahela, and the situation of the property generally admirably calculated for the river trade, as it affords the easiest and most convenient communication; its length is 160 feet on Wood street, and is directly opposite Mr. T. Cromwell's warehouse, a number of shops are erected thereon, and on Front street it contains 60 feet, the corner occupied by Mr. Samuel Smith as a store, and is a well known stand. The real advantages of the Ferry are so well known as to need no comment. It is occupied by Mr. W. Graham.

2. The House and Lot on Water and Front street, with a front of 60 feet on each, by 160 feet deep, a few doors above Wood street, now occupied by Mr. Le Lacheur.

3. A Lot on Penn street, next to the valuable improvements of Mr. Abner Barker. It borders on the Allegheny river, and would be valuable for a boat-yard, as it is 60 feet front by more than 400 deep.

As several applications have already been made to the subscribers for this property, they now give public notice that any person disposed to lease may know their terms by applying to either of them residing in Yorktown Penn.

JOHN IRWIN,
HENRY IRWIN.

Yorktown, (Penn.) Feb. 10, 1814

THE PITTSBURGH POINT
BREWERY,

IS in operation. Customers for home consumption or exportation, supplied on the usual terms,

The highest price in Cash paid for merchantable
BARLEY,
as usual. For J. O'HARA.
GEO. SHIRAS.

September 23, 1813. tfq

TO LET,

On PERMANENT LEASES, and possession given the 1st of April next.

SIXTY Elegant Building LOTS, situate on the Allegheny river, fronting on the new Turnpike leading to Hill's and adjoining lots of Col. O'Hara, suitable for merchants and manufacturers.—Any person wishing to Lease, will call at Mrs. Adams's in Front street, where a plan will be exhibited.

GEORGE A. BAYARD.
Pittsburgh, February 9, 181

WHOLESALE
SHOE AND LEATHER
STORE.
JUST OPENED,
AT No. 11, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Six doors below Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA,
WHERE THE SUBSCRIBERS OFFER
FOR SALE,

20,000 pair first quality
Mens' coarse Shoes,
5,000 pair second quality do do do
10,000 do first do do lined and bound do
2,000 do second do do do do
2,000 do first do calf & seal do
1,000 do do do leather and pink lined do
1,000 pair mens' laced Boots,
1,000 do boys coarse and fine Shoes,
1,000 do do laced Boots & Jeffersons
10,000 do womens' Shoes, assorted.

ALSO,
A HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
LEATHER,

☞ *Which they will dispose of on such terms as are calculated to invite dealers in the above articles.*

ALEX. CLAY, & Co.
March 1, 1814. (18) lawf2m

Storage & Commission WAREHOUSE.

BOYLE IRWIN respectfully informs his friends and the public, that having taken ISAAC HARRIS into partnership in his Commission Business, it will now be conducted under the firm of *Boyle Irwin & Co.* who promise every exertion to merit a share of public confidence and promote the interest of those who place property at their disposal.

WE NOW OFFER FOR SALE,
Juniata Barr Iron assorted, by the ton or cwt.
Grass and Corn Scythes, superior quality
Cotton Cards, No. 10, by the box
Pewter Plates, by the box
Philadelphia 4dy Cut Nails, by the keg
Do. Rosin Soap, by the box
Logwood, by the ton or cwt.
Gunpowder, by the keg
Kentucky Tobacco
Lead, by the cwt. or pig
Old Hyson Tea, by the chest
Glue, by the barrell
Herrings, good, by ditto
Mill-wrags, cranks, gudgeons, stoves, &c.

*** 8 boxes Cotton Cards, marked J. A. received in store in the name of James Andrews, are subject to his order.

N. B. A constant supply of Cordage and Twines will be kept at the Warehouse, and orders, for Rigging or particular Ropes, will be filled the same as if left at the Ropewalk of

BOYLE IRWIN.
Pittsburgh, March 23, 1814. 6t.

Depreciation Land
FOR SALE,

IN Beaver county, No. 3 and 4, Braden's District, and No. 10, M'Clain's District—in Butler county, No. 3 and 89, Nicholson's District—and in Allegheny county, No. 21, Cunningham's District and No. 115, Alexander's District.—Those desirous of purchasing may call on Monday in any week, at the subscriber's, in Ohio Township, Allegheny county.

JOHN WAY.
January 20, 1814. tf

ISAAC ROBERTS,
TAYLOR,
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS

HIS friends and the publick, that he has taken Mr. B. M'Vay into partnership, and that the business in future will be conducted under the firm of *ROBERTS & M'VAY*, at the old stand in Third street, between Wood & Smithfield streets, where they will execute any orders in their line with neatness and promptitude, at low prices.

☞ *Orders will be thankfully received and every exertion made to satisfy those who may give them their custom.*

ROBERTS & M'VAY.

Pittsburgh, April 14.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION
BUSINESS.

The subscriber has, at a great expence, just completed a convenient
WAREHOUSE,

Above the Steam Mill, where he can load and unload boats without the expence of drayage. His long residence in town and general acquaintance through the country, and his strict attention to the business, will make it an object with the public to favor him with their patronage.

JESSE READER.
Cincinnati, December 28, 1813.

THE STEAM ENGINE
FOUNDERY.
ON FRONT STREET,

BACK OF THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL,

IS in complete operation, and ready to supply castings of all descriptions—but particularly in a mechanical line, viz:—*All kinds of castings appertaining to Merchant Flour Mills; Rolling & Slitting, Forging & Tilting Mills; Fulling and Oil Mills, &c. Sugar mills, Sugar boilers, Pot-ash kettles, Stills, Soap and Salt kettles, &c.*

☞ *The "Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company," as usual carry on the making of Steam Engines of every description.* They will also furnish Paper mill screws, Fullers and Mill screws, and all kinds of the large orders. Also, Mill spindles & rynes, and Saw mill cranks and large work generally.

February 18, 1813----tfq

Wholesale & Retail,
HAT & SHOE STORE.

JAMES GIBSON,
MARKET STREET,
Next door to the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.
HAS FOR SALE ALL KINDS OF

Mens, Boys and Childrens Fur Hats.

with a large assortment of
SHOES,

of the first quality, on the most reasonable terms for Cash or approved Paper.

☞ *Merchants and Traders may at all times be supplied with complete assortments.*

Pittsburgh, October 12, 1813.

Lots for Sale.

A FEW SMALL LOTS FOR SALE,
Fronting on Liberty and Penn Streets.
ALSO,
Three Out Lots near the Town of Allegheny.

For terms apply to
DAVID EVANS.
Pittsburgh, Jan. 17, 1814 tfq

HARD-WARE STORE,
JUST OPENED,

Second door from Fourth street on the West side of Market street,
WHERE THE SUBSCRIBER
Offers for sale, and intends keeping constantly on hand a general assortment of Foreign and Domestick

Hardware, Cutlery, Saddlery &c.

AMONGST WHICH ARE,
KNIVES and Forks; Pen knives; Razors and scissors; best German Oil flints; Socket shovels and spades; Cradling, Corn and Grass scythes; Box coffee mills; English, German & American steel; Iron and Brass wire; Iron knitting pins; Glue; Windsor soap.—A handsome assortment of plated Bitts; Stirrup irons, and Bridle fronts; Straining Girth and Boot webbing.

ALSO,
A FEW BOXES OF SUPERIOR QUALITY
COTTON CARDS.
Which he will sell wholesale and retail on the most reasonable terms.

BENJ. DARLINGTON.
April 1st 1814 tfq

COTTON & SUGAR.

60,000 lbs New Orleans Sugar,
90 Bales of Cotton,
ALL OF THE FIRST
QUALITY to be delivered in all May and June next—for sale by

SAML. SMITH.
April 1, 1814. tfq

DOCTOR G. DAWSON,
Has just received a general and complete supply of Fresh
Drugs and Medicines,

FAMILY, Patent & Horse medicines, Surgeons Instruments, Paints of all kinds, Spirits Turpentine, Spices, Perfumery, Oils, Varnishes, Gold leaf, Smalts, &c. &c. selected with particular care from the latest importation and WARRANTED GENUINE, which, being purchased with CASH, enables him to sell them on very moderate terms, wholesale and retail.

Practitioners of Physick, and Storekeepers, will be supplied with genuine articles, at the lowest prices.

*** Worm Tea of superior quality, by the dozen or single paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
TWO APPRENTICES:—In addition to the profession of Druggist and Apothecary, they will have the advantage of acquiring the theory and practice of Physick and Surgery.

Pittsburgh, May 20, 1813.

Lots for Sale or Lease.

A FEW small LOTS for Sale or Lease, fronting on Smithfield and Seventh streets, and on Cherry alley.—For terms apply to,

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.
Pittsburgh, January 20, 1814. tf

The Union Brewery,
IS IN OPERATION.

THE publick are informed that orders for home consumption or exportation shall be promptly attended to on the customary terms.

☞ *The highest price in CASH, paid for merchantable BARLEY, delivered at the Union Brewery, in Liberty street.*

HAMILTON, BROWN & Co.
March 11, 1814 tfq

Wanted Immediately,
TWO APPRENTICES,
To the GLASS CUTTING business.

BOYS of good character & respectable connexions, from 14 to 16 years of age, will find a good situation.

☞ Boys from the country, would be preferred. Apply to

ARNOLD EICHBAUM,
Corner of Liberty and Fourth streets.
March 30, 1814. tfq

Travellers Rest.

MAYSVILLE or LIMESTONE, (Ken.)
December 20, 1813.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has opened a
House of Entertainment
in the Town of Maysville, (Ken.) on Water Street, and convenient to the mouth of Limestone creek, where he has provided himself with every necessary for the convenience of those who may favor him with a call. He has also a large and convenient WARE-HOUSE near the mouth of Limestone creek, for the reception of Goods, &c. where strict attention will be paid to the Storage and Commission business. From his attention to business, and the convenience of his situation, he hopes to share a part of the public patronage.

WILLIAM PORTER

GLASS BLOWING.

WANTED immediately, two or three sober steady LADS, from 14 to 16 years of age, as Apprentices to the above business. Apply at our Manufactory on the south side of the Monongahela, opposite Wood Street.

TREVOR & ENCELL.
Pittsburgh, July 13, 1813.

☞ Cash given for POT and PEARL ASHES

FLOUR BARRELS.

A generous price will be given for
FLOUR BARRELS,
MADE of the best stuff, at the Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

April 5, 1814. tfq

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE BY
BOSLER & CO.

NEW Orleans Sugar, of a superior quality, in barrels.
Coffee in bags.
Logwood.
New-Orleans Cotton.
Rum. April 6, 1814.

IRONMONGERY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has for Sale at his
Commission Warehouse
in *Water* between *Market* and *Wood Streets*, an extensive assortment of
IRONMONGERY,
amongst which are the following articles, viz:—

Anchors, Wrought Anvils, Vises, Scythes, Sickles, Axes, Mattocks, Hoes, Hatchets, Shovels, Boat Sockets, Log Chains, Fifth do. Drawing do. Hinges, Bed and Wood screws, Files, Chisels, Bells, Cut Nails & Brads Fullers Sheers.

Also, warranted English and American Crowley, German, Swedish, and Scrap Steel, together with a general assortment of CASTINGS, all of which will be sold *at the lowest prices* for approved payments.

Consignments will be thankfully received on moderate terms.

He hopes by unremitting attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

JOHN M'CLEAN.
Pittsburgh, 20th April, 1814.

White Lead Factory.

JAMES S. STEVENSON,

INFORMS the public that the *Pittsburgh White Lead Factory* is now in active operation. Orders from any part of the country for White Lead, dry or ground in Oil will be carefully attended to. The Lead hereafter delivered, will be warranted equal to any made in the United States.

The price will be so regulated as to be always considerably lower than the Philadelphia price, with the expence of carriage.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1814.

WILKINS TANNEHILL,
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.
HAS A LARGE AND CONVENIENT
WAREHOUSE,

where he will receive Goods on Storage and Commission It is so situated that but little danger can be apprehended from *FIRE.* He pledges himself to use his best exertions to give satisfaction to those who may confide their business to his care.

Nashville, (Ten.) March 14, 1814.

DOCTOR BAINBRIDGE,
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE INHABITANTS OF
PITTSBURGH,

THAT he intends to practice for the future in this town, where his residence is in Diamond Square, and where he hopes by his skill and attention to merit the good will and respect of those under his care.

Dr. B. has in his possession the original receipes of the celebrated Dr. Eutrich, whose fame resounded through different parts of Europe, and he prepares the *Tooth Powder* invented by him, which will be found, on a single trial, to surpass every other, as it removes all impurities from the teeth, and renders them exquisitely white, and immediately cures the scurvy in the gums.

Those persons who may unfortunately labour under coughs, asthmas, influenzas, and approaching consumptions, will find it their interest to consult him, as he has had great opportunity of observing the progress of those diseases in Europe as well as in America, and particularly in the 10th Regiment last winter.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1814

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22 Building Lots

TO be Let on perpetual Leases. They are situated on High street, Grant street, and the continuation of Fourth street.—Apply to WM. WILKINS.

Pittsburgh, January 19, 1814.

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

THAT valuable STAND which has for some years been occupied by the subscriber as a TAVERN, sign of the "*Rising Sun.*" The premises consist of 40 feet on Front street, and 92 feet back; the front buildings are commodious and excellently adapted to public business. The Malt and Brewery will be sold or rented with the premises Possession given immediately.

Also, to be Sold, 300 acres of Land in Ohio township, Allegheny county, on which are good springs, and the state road to Beaver passes through the farm.

GEORGE LEWIS.
Pittsburgh, March 30, 1814.

[*From the Analectic Magazine.*]

ANECDOTES OF THE BATTLE ON LAKE ERIE.

IT is a trite remark, that general descriptions of battles present no distinct images to the mind. We read with little emotion of broadsides discharged, ships cut to pieces, and numbers killed and wounded; but when particulars are given us, when the imminent risks, or piteous disasters of individuals are detailed, we fancy ourselves in their situation, and, in a manner, mingle personally in the conflict. A mere outline of the battle of Erie was given some time since in the Biography of Commodore Perry; since then several circumstances have reached us, which give a more vivid idea of the nature of the fight, and show the incessant and thickening perils with which that young officer was surrounded.

It was his lot repeatedly to see men swept away from his side; some even while conversing with him. One of these incidents displays the coolness and presence of mind that prevailed among the officers, and indeed throughout the ship, enabling them even to jest with present dangers. The second lieutenant of the Lawrence, while standing beside Com. Perry, was struck in the breast by a chain shot. The shot having passed through the bulwark, had no other effect than to knock him down, and lodged in the bosom of his waistcoat. He fell with an exclamation, and remained for a moment stunned by the violence of the blow. Perry raised him up, and seeing no marks of a wound, gave him some cheering words, and told him he could not be hurt. The lieutenant coming to himself, put his hand into his bosom, pulled out the chain shot, and exclaiming "no, sir, but this is *my* shot," thrust it with great *sang froid* into his pocket.

In the course of the action Perry noticed a prime and favourite sailor, who was captain of one of the guns, very much embarrassed with his piece, which in consequence of the forelock being broken, was rather unmanageable and rebounded. Perry approached him, and in his usual encouraging manner asked him what was the matter. The honest tar, who had been showing signs of infinite vexation, turned round, and, as if speaking of a mistress, exclaimed reproachfully, "Sir, my gun behaves shamefully—shamefully!" He then levelled it, and having taken aim, raised up and squared himself in a fine martial style, when suddenly a cannon ball struck him in the breast, passed through him, and he fell dead, without a groan.

Lieutenant Yarnall, of the Lawrence, behaved throughout with great bravery and coolness. He was dressed as a common seaman, a red bandanna handkerchief was tied round his neck, and another round his head, to staunch two wounds which he had received. From these the blood trickled down his face, and a splinter having passed through his nose, it had swelled to a hideous magnitude. In this frightful plight, looking like the very genius of carnage and ill luck, he came up to Perry in the hottest and bloodiest of the fight, and announced to him that all the officers of his division were killed. Perry ordered others in their place. Shortly after Yarnall returned with a repetition of the dismal tidings that all the officers were shot down; "then, sir," said Perry, "you must endeavour to make out by yourself. I have none more to furnish you!"

One circumstance which Perry relates deserves particular mention. It has in it something of sentiment that is above common life, and absolutely belongs to poetry. When, in the sweeping havoc that war sometimes make, a number of men were shot away from around a gun, the survivors *looked silently around at Perry*, and then stepped into their places. Whenever he looked at the poor fellows that lay wounded and weltering on the deck, he always found *their faces turned towards him, and their eyes fixed on his countenance.* It is impossible for words to heighten the simple and affecting eloquence of this anecdote. It speaks volumes in praise of the heroism of the commander, and the loyal affection of his followers.

When Perry went off from the Lawrence to shift his flag to the Niagara, he stood up in the boat gallantly waving his sword, and was heard cheeringly to exclaim, "Pull away my brave boys!" so earnest was he that though the balls whistled round him he could scarcely be made to take a seat, and an old sailor, who had been in both battles of the Constitution, absolutely held him down.

Just after he had got on board the Niagara, and was on the quarter deck, a sailor who commanded one of the guns, seeing all his men shot down, turning with eagerness to Perry, and laying both hands upon his shoulders, exclaimed, "For God's sake, sir, give me some more men!" Such was the vivid animation that prevailed among all ranks—they had lost all sense of personal danger, and thought of nothing but victory.

When the Niagara dashed thro' the enemy's line, as she passed the Lady Prevost, Lt. Buchan, the commander of that vessel, was shot thro' the face by a musket ball. The vessels were then within half pistol shot, so that every thing could be seen distinctly from one to the other. The crew of the Lady Prevost, unable in their crippled state to stand the fire of the Niagara, ran below; but their unfortunate commander remained on deck, and Perry saw him leaning on the companion way, with his face on his hand, looking with fixed eyes at his enemies. Perry immediately silenced the marines on the quarter deck, and running forward ordered the men to cease firing. He afterwards learnt that the strange conduct of Lt. Buchan was owing to sudden derangement, caused by his wound. He was a brave officer, and had distinguished himself in the battle of the Nile.—While Perry was engaged at close quarters in the Niagara, Lt. Turner, a fine bold young officer, who commanded the brig Caledonia, of 3 guns, spreading every sail, endeavored to get into action.—His foresail interfered between him and the enemy, but rather than take in an inch of canvass, he ordered his men to fire through it. Seeing the Commodore engaged in the thickest of the fight, he proposed to the commander of another small vessel, to board the Detroit—the other, however, prudently declined the rash but gallant proposal.

It has been mentioned that two Indians were on board the Detroit, stationed in the tops, to pick off our officers with their rifles. No sooner, however, did the ships come into close action, than they were dismissed by this new and tremendous species of battle, and slunk into the hold. When the ship was taken they anticipated cruel treatment, if their nation was discovered, and borrowed sailor's clothes that they might pass for Englishmen. Thus disguised, they lay in close concealment for two days, when word was brought to Perry, that two Indians were concealed below, who had not tasted food for 48 hours. He had them brot' upon deck, where they made a most uncouth and ludicrous appearance, with their borrowed garments bagging about them. They expected nothing less than to be butchered and scalped, but, notwithstanding, preserved the most taciturn inflexibility of muscle. Perry, however, after putting a few good humored questions to them, ordered them to be taken away and fed; a degree of lenity which seemed to strike them with more surprise than their stoic natures are apt to evince.

The only time that the coolness and self command of Perry experienced any thing like a shock, was on seeing his young brother, a Midshipman, knocked down by a hammock, which had been driven in by a ball. In the momentary agony of his mind, he gave him up as slain, but had the delight to see him rise up perfectly unhurt.

Perry speaks highly of the bravery & good conduct of the Negroes, who formed a considerable part of his crew——They seemed to be absolutely insensible to danger. When Com. Barclay came on board the Niagara, & beheld the sickly and particolored beings around him, an expression of chagrin escaped him, at having been conquered by such men.—The fresh water service had very much impaired the health of numbers of the sailors, and crowded the sick list with patients.

We shall close these few particulars of this gallant and romantic affair, with the affecting fate of Lt. Brooks of the marines. It presents an awful picture of the scenes which the warrior witnesses in battle—his favorite companions suddenly cut down before his eyes—those dreadful transitions from the flush of health and the vivacity of youth, to the the ghastliness of agonised and untimely death—from the cheer and the smile, to the shriek and convulsion.

Brooks, was a gay, animated young officer, remarkable for his personal beauty. In the midst of the engagement he accosted Perry in a spirited tone, with a smile on his countenance, and was making some observations about the enemy when a cannon ball struck him in the thigh, and dashed him to the opposite side of the deck. The blow shattered him dreadfully, and the sudden anguish forced from him the most thrilling exclamations. He implored Perry to shoot him and put an end to his torture; the latter directed some of the marines to carry him below and consign him to the surgeon. The scene was rendered more affecting, by the conduct of a little mulato boy of 12 years of age, a favorite of Brooks's. He was carrying cartridges to one of the guns, but on seeing his master fall, he threw himself on the deck, with the most frantic gesticulations and piercing cries, exclaiming that his master was killed; nor could he be appeased until orders were given to take him below; when he immediately returned to carrying cartridges.

Mr. Hamilton, the purser, who had worked at a gun like a common sailor, being wounded, was carried below and laid on the same mattrass with Brooks. The wound of the latter was stanched, and he lay composed, calmly awaiting his fast approaching death. Hamilton observes that he never looked so perfectly beautiful as at this moment, when the anguish of his wound had imparted a feverish flush and lustre, to his usually blooming countenance. He asked with great solicitude after Perry, and how the battle went. He gave a few directions about his affairs, and while his voice was growing weaker and weaker, recommended his little mulato to kindness and protection, directing into whose hands he should be placed. While he was yet talking, Hamilton's attention was suddenly attracted by some circumstances which occasioned him to look another way for a moment—the voice of his companion died away upon his ear, and when he turned his face back again, poor Brooks had expired!!!

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 26.

FROM THE BOSTON PALLADIUM, APRIL 22, 1814.

BRIEF VIEW OF THE SITUATION OF THE FRENCH AND ALLIED ARMIES.

It was to have been expected, from the accounts we last received from the theatre of war in Europe, either that the allies would have forced their way to Paris, or that they would have been compelled to retreat out of France.

A course very different from this has taken place. It is evident, that the actual force under the command of the Emperor of France, is greater than has been anticipated, and yet that there is no general resistance on the part of the French nation sufficient to warrant the belief, that they are or will be able to expel their enemies.

From the rumours which reached us from England, serious fears might have been entertained that Bonaparte had recovered his superiority over the Allies and would soon compel them to quit the French territory. Has the accounts now received, tho' wholly from French sources, demonstrated that the Allies are stronger than we had anticipated, and that although they have met with checks, yet they are still able to threaten the capital of France, and may yet succeed in curbing if not destroying the power of the usurper.

We are too apt to be elated with success, and to be depressed by reverses. It requires some sang froid and reflection, to digest & examine cooly the true state of a conflict so interesting to all the civilized world.

There are certain facts well established, which ought to be presented in the foreground, and then men may reason upon them according to their fears or hopes; their wishes or their apprehensions.

We shall present these facts, promising that they are derived from French sources, and are coloured with a view to excite the French people to strong resistance.

1st fact. Bonaparte, on the 1st March, was only at the same spot he was at on the 1st Feb.

2d fact. The Allies were at Lissy-sur-Ourg, 9 miles from Meaux, and 36 from Paris.

3d fact. They were in possession of Fontainbleau, 35 miles from Paris, in great force. No pretence that they had been dislodged from it. They are therefore, 45 miles nearer Paris than Bonaparte is.

How could this singular state of things exist.

In the battles which he fought on the 11th and 12th Feb. and on the 18th of that month at Montereau and Nangis, he gained the advantage. The centre of the allied army fell back to Troyes; but the right and left wings maintained their ground, and continued for 20 days afterwards their positions.

This shews there was neither *serious defeat or apprehension.* It is admitted, by the French accounts, that there was disaster on the right and left wings of their army; that to the clemency of the victors they owe the preservation of the Imperial Palace at Fontainbleau.

It would seem to follow, then, from all the accounts, that the allies are able to maintain themselves in France; that the French are not rising in mass against them; that there is a great degree of disaffection in the French people, since the Emperor is compelled to issue a Proclamation to punish with death all who wear the Bourbon uniform.

It is to be remarked to what straits they are driven, when, instead of giving an official account of the successes at Antwerp, they content themselves with fabricating London accounts, of these events.

On the whole, altho' it appears there was great joy at some temporary successes in the middle of February, yet the tone was essentially lowered before the last of that month. No person can read the Paris article of the 2d March, without being convinced that no great consequences had followed from the events of the early part of Feb.

In reviewing the whole news we may say, that however our hopes may have outstripped events, yet that there is a goodly prospect for the friends of universal liberty.

Those great points appear to be certain,

That the allies are nearer Paris than they were a month before—That they appear to be able to maintain their ground there—That no negociations for peace are going on—That Lord Wellington is making a rapid progress into the heart of France.

These facts ought to make us hope that the God of Battles is still with the arms of the Allies.

From a London Paper, of January 2d, (Sunday) 1814.

GREAT FOG IN AND ABOUT LONDON.

The Fog still continues. It was more dense and oppressive last night, than at any time since its commencement, on Monday last. Very few persons ventured out, except on pressing business, and no soul was heard out of doors, but the voices of the watchmen, or the noise of some solitary carriage, cautiously feeling its way through the gloom. It extends as far as the Downs, a distance of seventy miles, but how far in other directions, has not been yet ascertained. The wind has, in the interval, blown uniformly from the N. E. We understand that there has been nothing like the present Fog since the great Earthquake at Lisbon, about half a century ago. The Fog then lasted 8 days. To a person who came up to London, from a clear open country, during the last two or three days, it would appear as if he had been descending into a Coal Pit, to see persons walking with a little torch or a candle, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, and trying to find out in their own street, their own habitations, and some of them so bewildered as to knock at their neighbors' doors, to ask where their own houses were.

Some of the publick stages were obliged to be left in the roads, and the horses taken out; many were overturned, and several people injured. A post chaise, with 4 passengers, on its way from Uckfield, was overturned into the water, by the road side, at Brixton Wash, and broken to pieces—the passengers and horses were dreadfully cut and bruised. Several robberies were committed in town, and the villians got off by the aid of the fog, altho' persons were near at the time. Several persons, having missed their way fell into the rivers and canals, and were drowned. The mail coaches, which reached town, were many hours belated and the passengers were obliged to get out, and the drivers had to lead the horses.—The cry of—Mind! Take care! Where are you? resounded in all directions in every street.

NEW-YORK, *May* 3.

News of the Essex Frigate.

On the 22d inst. off the Capes of Delaware, the Santiago was boarded from the Belvidera frigate, which put on board a passenger, taken in a Swedish schooner by that frigate, on his passage from Mantanzas for Providence, and the schooner sent to Bermuda. The Belvidera had captured the evening before, in 20 fathom water, the ship New Zealand (then in sight) John J. King, prizemaster, (acted on board the Essex as master's mate) prize to the United States frigate Essex, cargo 2200 bbls. oil.—The gentleman put on board the Santiago conversed with the prizemaster and crew and learned the following:—

The New-Zealand parted from the Essex 10th of January last (where, they would not state) and the prizemaster had despatches from Capt. Porter, which he destroyed previous to re-capture.

The Essex had taken, up to the 10th January, 22 sail, ships and brigs: she had cruising in company with her two ships of 22 guns each, and two brigs of 16 guns each; had hauled up the remainder of the prizes in a small creek, (where, not stated) and dismantled them; had taken possession of three small islands in the vicinity of the creek, and fortified them with 100 pieces cannon.—With this fortification, together with the Essex and the armed ships and brigs in company, Capt. Porter felt himself secure, and safe from any attack that might be made from that quarter.

The officers and crew of the Essex were in good health—men, ammunition and provisions were plenty—in fact, she was not in want of any thing.

She had not met with any British cruisers since her arrival in the South Seas, and had not been molested by any body; in fact she had the sole command of those seas. This is all the information I could obtain of the Essex.

WASHINGTON CITY, MAY 7.

Copy of a letter from Com. Chauncey, to the secretary of the navy, dated,

U. S. SHIP GENERAL PIKE, *Sackett's Harbor, April* 25, 1814.

SIR—The Lady of the Lake (which I have kept cruising as a look-out vessel between the Gallows and Kingston, ever since the ice broke up) having a commanding breeze yesterday, run close in to Kingston and shewed her colors which were answered by the enemy's fleet and batteries. His old fleet lay moored off the town with all sails bent top gallant yards across. A number of gun boats also appeared to be ready—one only of the new ships had her lower masts in, the other appeared to be preparing to put masts in.

I have the honor to be, &c.

ISAAC CHAUNCEY.

Hon. Wm. Jones,
Sec'y of the Navy.

From the same to the same.

U. S. Ship Gen. Pike, Sackett's Harbor, April 27th.

SIR,

The night of the 25th inst. two of our guard boats, fell in with 3 of the enemy's boats in this bay. Lt. Dudley, (officer of the guard) hailed, and was answered, "guard boats." This however not being satisfactory, he repeated the hail, but was not answered. Finding that the strange boats were attempting to cut him off from the shore, he fired upon them; the enemy, laying upon their oars a short time, pulled in towards Bull Rock Point, without returning the fire. Lt. Dudley returned to the fleet, and got a reinforcement of boats; but nothing more was seen of the enemy that night. Yesterday morning I directed both shores of Vermont bay, to be examined, to see whether the enemy had not secreted himself in some of the small creeks. Nothing however was discovered, but 6 barrels of powder, found in the water near the shore where our boats fired on the enemy——These barrels were all slung in such a manner, that one man could take 2 across his shoulders and carry them; each barrel had a hole bored in the head of about an inch in diameter, with a wooden plug in it; they were evidently fitted for the purpose of blowing our large ship up, if the enemy could have got in undiscovered, by placing them under its bottom, & putting a piece of slow match or portfire, in the hole in the head, which would burn a sufficient time to allow the parties to escape before the fire would communicate to the powder; this also accounts for the enemy not returning the fire of our boats, for, having so much powder in, he was apprehensive of accidents, which no doubt induced him to heave it overboard, to be prepared to return the fire if he was pursued.

It would have been impossible for the enemy to have succeeded even if he had eluded our gun boats (which there are two lines of) for, independent of all the approaches by water being secured by booms, the Madison is moored across the large ship's stern, within 20 yards, and her guns loaded with caunister and bags of musket balls, to rake under the bottom if necessary. A lieutenant, two midshipmen and ten men are on watch under the ship's bottom every night, besides a marine guard outside of her, with all these precautions, I think that it would be impossible for an enemy to land near the ship yard unobserved. However, after this discovery of the enemy's intentions, we shall redouble our vigilance and exertions, to preserve our fleet to meet the enemy fairly upon the lake.

I have the honor to be, &c.

ISAAC CHAUNCY.

PHILADELPHIA, *April* 29.

IMPORTANT LAW DECISION.

Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Pennsylvania.

Judge WASHINGTON, yesterday morning, decided, that the Insolvent Law of Pennsylvania, passed on the 13th March 1812, was unconstitutional and void.

VERMONT MILITIA.

Agreeably to the requisition of Gen. Wilkinson, Gov. Chittenden ordered out a detachment of the militia for the protection of the frontiers of that state; but the troops, having been in the field five days, and received no ammunition or provisions from the U. S. government stores, were disbanded for the present

FRONTIER SUFFERERS.

The following is an estimate of the number and value of the buildings destroyed on the Niagara frontier, by the enemy, so far as they have been reported to the committee appointed to receive the claims of the sufferers:

At Buffalo, 66 frame houses, 2 brick and 1 stone, do. 6 stores and offices, 35 barns, 15 shops and other houses, the whole estimated at	$190,000
At Black Rock, 16 frame & 11 log houses, 8 barns and 5 out houses—value	19,000
At other places, 20 frame and 67 log houses, five stores, 29 barns, thirty shops, &c. valued at	141,000
Amounting to 334 buildings and	$350,000

[*U. S. Gazette.*

NEW YORK ELECTION.

The Federal ticket has failed in New York, against the united force of Democracy, and some seceding Federalists, by a majority of not more than 100.

The disaffection of some of the Federalists is imputed to various causes—but its true one is, in this case, a contemptible thirst of interest, or a low and despicable ambition—an ambition to be greatest among the meanest.

[*Philad. Gaz.*

MORE PACIFIC APPEARANCES.

We assert on good authority, that President Madison declared to a member of Congress, only a few hours before Congress adjourned, that Peace must take place, and that he would conclude it on the best terms he could.

[*Post. Centinel.*

From the Harrisburgh Oracle, April 30.

HORRID MURDER AND ROBBERY.

It is with painful emotions we are compelled to relate one of the most daring and villanious murders and robberies on record, committed in this borough. Mr. Isaac Wills, who kept a store in this borough, in which he slept, was inhumanly murdered on Tuesday last. He received a stab below the ear, which penetrated through the neck; from appearances, while in bed, and was afterwards dragged or by his own exertion, got over the counter; a handkerchief was drawn tight round his neck, no doubt to assist in executing the fatal deed. After doing this, there was stolen about $2000 in bank

...es, the door locked and key taken off. ...r. Wills's brother, who lives on the ...osite bank of the river, perceived the ...re closed after breakfast next morn- ...g concluded he was indisposed and ...ne over, when, after getting in at the ...ndow, he was found on the floor, wel ...ring in his blood ! ! ! An inquest was held over his body ; ...eir verdict was "*Wilful murder, by ...me unknown hand.*" There has noth- ...g transpired since tending, the most ...motely, to lead to a discovery of the ...onster.

[Mr. Wills, was a native of Pittsburgh ...d his parents now reside there.]

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, MAY 13, 1814.

COMMUNICATION.

Those who wish to subscribe to the Stock of the "*Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Pittsburgh*," will observe, that as soon as Ten Dollars is paid on each share of $ 50, that the Bank may be organized and go into operation and be productive.

Extract of a letter dated Shippingport, below the Falls of Ohio, 29th April, 1814.

"The Steam Boat VESUVIUS is safely arrived at this place, having performed her voyage from Pittsburgh in 67 hours 25 minutes running. The rate of going was 10 miles and an half per hour, with hardly any variation, which, allowing 2 miles and a half for the effect of the current, give a speed of 8 miles per hour in still water."

From Buffalo, May 3.

Several deserters have recently escaped from Canada; we learn that they report, that the enemy are indefatigable in their exertions, to render their defences as effective as possible; that they are erecting a large battery on Queenston heights, to contain within the works, two block houses; and are also erecting another considerable battery at Messasauga point near the light house, to be stockaded, and mounted with heavy guns. The inhabitants on the whole peninsula, are much alarmed of late.

At a general court martial, of which Major General Henry Dearborn was President, convened at Albany, in the state of New-York, on the 3d day of January, 1814, and continued by adjournments, to the 25th of March following, Brigadier General *William Hull*, of the army of the United States, was tried on the following charges, viz :—

CHARGE I.

Treason against the United States, between the 9th of April and the 17th of August, 1812.

CHARGE II.

Cowardice at and in the neighbourhood of Detroit, between the 1st day of July and the 17th day of August, in the year 1812.

CHARGE III.

Neglect of duty and unofficerlike conduct, while commanding a separate army, between the 9th of April and the 17th of August 1812.

To each of these charges a number of specifications were attached.

All the evidence being read, (whether on the part of the prosecution or the defence) applicable to the first charge, the accused having, in his final defence, protested against the jurisdiction of the court to try the charge of treason, and the opinion of the court being, that the objection would have been tenable, if the same had been pleaded by the accused on his arraignment: and believing also, that the court cannot acquire jurisdiction of the offence by the waiver or consent of the accused, they decline making any formal decision on that charge. The evidence on the subject having, however, been publicly given, the court deem it proper, in justice to the accused to say, that they do not believe, from any thing that has appeared before them, that Brig. Gen William Hull has committed treason against the United States.

On the second and third charges, the court find Brigadier Gen. William Hull guilty, and do sentence him to be *shot to death*, two-thirds of the court concurring in the sentence; but, in consequence of the revolutionary services of Brigadier Gen. William Hull, and his advanced age, earnestly recommend him to the mercy of the President of the U. States.

APRIL 25, 1814.

The sentence of the court is approved, and the execution of it remitted.

JAMES MADISON.

Adjutant and Inspector General's Office, Washington, 25th April, 1814.

GENERAL ORDERS.

The roll of the army is not to be longer dishonored by having upon it the name of Brig. Gen. William Hull.

The general court martial of which Major General Dearborn is President, is hereby dissolved.

J. B. WALBACH, *Adj. General*

MARRIED,

On Thursday Evening the 5th instant by, the Rev. *William O'Brian*, Mr. DAVID MURRAY, to Miss NANCY QUIGLEY, both of this place. [*Communicated.*

CRAMER, SPEAR, AND EICHBAUM,

PRINTERS & BOOKSELLERS,

(Pittsburgh, Penn.)

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED,

THE

WESTERN GLEANER,

OR,

Repository for Arts, Sciences and Literature.

No. 5, FOR APRIL 1814.

CONTENTS.

On Dyeing. II. Principles of dyeing—III. On Mordants.
On Coal. IV. Method of cooking—V. Distillation of Tar from Pit-coal—VI. Gas-light—VII. Coal a manure.
On the Unity of Diseases.
Aphorisms of Political Economy. Section II. Chapter I. On the fundamental principles of the political economy of modern agricultural nations—Chapter II. Of the different means made use of to perform exchanges.
Life of Captain Lewis, by Mr. Jefferson
On Style
Letter of the Marquise de Cabris to her daughter, Mad. de Narvailles
Miscellanies. Progress of Chemistry—Aurora Borealis, observed at Pittsburgh—New mode of making Coffee, devised by count Rumford—Questions answered on the average nutriment of different provisions
Anecdotes
Poetry. Song, tune, Maid of Lodi—Lover's address—Additional verses to a favorite Song—To Sleep—Life of a Fool—To the Moon.

A. M. & A. J. BOLTON,

HAVE FOR SALE,

A Valuable Plantation of 550 Acres, on which are erected a mill in fine order for merchant and country work, and several dwelling houses, &c. A fall of 30 feet water, and an immense bed of Iron Ore, renders this seat capable of extensive improvement.

They also offer several building LOTS, in this borough, on perpetual leases.

Also, to be rented until the first of April, (now vacant) a commodious STORE and CELLAR, in a convenient part of Market street for business.

May 11, 1814. ¶ 3wtJ1q

1000 Locust Posts.

I wish to contract for 1000 *Locust Posts,*

DELIVERABLE at the Publick Ground, on the Banks of the Allegheny River, about two miles above Pittsburgh. Enquire at my office in Water, between Market and Wood Streets.

WILLIAM B FOSTER.

Dep'y Commissary of Purchases.

Pittsburgh, May 9, 1814. tfq

VERNON & PARK,

SILVERSMITHS & WATCHMAKERS,

HAVE commenced Silversmithing & Watchmaking, in Wood between Front and Water streets.

An Apprentice will be taken to the above business.

Pittsb'gh, May 13. 3wq

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBLICK,

THAT they have taken the building formerly occupied by Mr. James Kerwin, as a Cotton Factory, situated in Second street, opposite the New Market House—

Where persons wishing to engage Machinery, may be supplied with, Mules, Throstles, Roving and Drowing, Carding Engines, Billies and Jennies, &c. upon the shortest notice, and on moderate terms.

*** Orders from the country, will be promptly attended to.

SAMUEL CORBIN,
JOHN REYNOLDS.

Pittsb'gh, May 9, 1814. 3w*

CASH for GRAIN.

ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per Bushel for *WHEAT*; ONE DOLLAR for *RYE*; and EIGHTY-SEVEN AND A HALF CENTS for *CORN*; given at the *Pittsburgh Steam Mill.*

May 11, 1814 tfq

CERTIFICATE.

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY,

THAT I never knew any of the Ancestors of the grey horse May Duke, to go blind; and I never saw any Horse, with finer Eyes, than he had when I sold him. I sincerely think his blindness was owing to his being kept for a considerable length of time in a dark Stable and from high feeding without exercise.

SAMUEL RINGGOLD.

Oct. 7th, 1814. 3wq

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED ftom the subscriber living in Pittsburgh, about three weeks ago, a handsome Sorrel HORSE, about 14 hands high, 4 years old, has a white spot in his forehead, was never shod, a natural trotter. The above Reward will be paid to any person who will give information so that the owner may get him again, together with reasonable charges if brought home.

PETER SHAEFFER.

May 10, 1814.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED,

A CHOICE SELECTION OF FRESH AND SEASONABLE

GOODS

ALSO, a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, &c.—all of the first quality, and will be Sold as low as any in Market for Cash or approved produce, by applying to

GEORGE WATSON,
In Diamond Alley, between Wood street and the Diamond Square.

Pittsburgh, May 6, 1814 4wq

WANTED.

An Apprentice

To the PRINTING BUSINESS,

Enquire at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

VALUABLE LANDS,

In Virginia, Ohio & Pennsylvania,

FOR SALE.

700 ACRES AT THE UPPER END OF CRAIK'S Survey on the Kenhawa River, opposite to the mouth of Pocotallico Creek—200 Acres of this Land are in a high state of cultivation, with improvements of Orchards, Meadows, &c. It is altogether Bottom of the first Quality on the River, and affords excellent situations for Salt Works.

Also, between 5 & 600 acres of military Lands, in the State of Ohio, surveyed in the name of Charlet Simms, on Darby Creek, and other waters of Scioto—all lying in that District of Country, included between the Towns of Chillicothe and Franklinton.

I will also sell, on the most accommodating terms to the purchaser, my Farm of Oakley, at the upper end of Montour's (commonly called the Long Island,) containing 300 Acres, and a residue of 7 or 800 Acres of Chas. Simms survey of 3000 Acres on Racoon Creek, about 15 miles distant from Pittsburgh.

A more particular description of the two last mentioned Premises, is unnecessary, as they may be conveniently viewed by persons from this neighbourhood desirous of purchasing.

W. D. SIMMS.

Oakley Farm, May 1st, 1814. tfq

NOTICE.

IF Mr. Conrad Balber, who left the City and Canton of Zurich, upwards of 30 years since and went to Philadelphia, where he exercised his trade of Tanner and Currier, is still living he will hear of something to his advantage by applying to the subscribers—Or if any person can give certain information of him or knows of his death, and can furnish legal certificates and proof thereof to said subscribers, they will be paid any reasonable charge for trouble and expense.

(Signed)

BUCK & KRUMBHAAR,
Third street corner of Spruce.

Philadelphia, April 19, 1814. 6wqtJ24cAB

NOTICE.

IF the children of Mr. Conrad Aman, who it appears from his letter of Dec. 20, 1789, was Preacher in Heidleberg township, 18 German leagues from Philadelphia, and who from subsequent information has since died, will apply to the subscribers they will hear of something to their advantage.

(Signed)

BUCK & KRUMBHAAR,
Third street corner of Spruce.

Philad'a, April 19, 1814. 6wtJ24cAB.

AQUILA M. BOLTON,

AND

ABEL J. BOLTON,

SCRIVENERS & CONVEYANCERS,

HAVE OPENED AN OFFICE FOR THE SALE OF REAL ESTATES, &c.

In Market street near Front street;

WHERE they propose to draw *Deeds, Mortgages, Agreements, and all kinds of Writings, &c.* Those who have PROPERTY to dispose of, will find it to their advantage to have it en-registered in the Office Book, which will be kept open for the perusal of such as may wish to purchase.

Having been a regularly bred practitioner of law, (in Philadelphia) A. M. B. flatters himself that, in resuming this branch of the profession, his qualifications, habits, and attention to business, will recommend him to the notice of the publick.

Pittsburgh, May 6, 1814 3wq

JOURNEYMEN TAYLORS, WANTED.

SAMUEL THOMPSON,

MERCHANT TAYLOR,

MARKET Street Pittsburgh, wishes to employ 6 or 8 Journeymen Taylors—to whom will be given, constant employment and wages paid every Saturday night.

May 6, 1814 3wq

Brush Manufactory.

LANE AND BEALE,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

BRUSHMAKERS,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have commenced a branch of their business, in Wood Street, between Third and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH. As they intend carrying on the business extensively, they will be able to supply the orders of Merchants and others, to any amount, *at the Philadelphia prices, without carriage.* From their long experience in the business, and having the best workmen employed, they can furnish

BRUSHES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

of a superior quality, and on such terms as will prove advantageous to purchasers. In addition to their stock of Brushes, they have on hand, and intend keeping a constant supply of Morgan's Patent

BOOT CUTTERS, TREES, LASTS, &c.

A quantity of RUSSIA BRISTLES for Sale.

The highest price given for

HOGS BRISTLES AND *COLTS TAILS.*

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1814. 1yq.

Hackney Coach.

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS THE PUBLIC,

THAT he has a handsome well finished Hackney Coach, and a pair of well broke gentle Horses, which he will hire by the day or trip. He has a careful and experienced driver, who will use every precaution for the safety and accommodation of those who may employ him.

He has also to hire a gentle and easy gaited Saddle Horse. Apply to J. TIBBETTE, corner of Market and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

May 6, 1814

TO BE LET,

And possession given immediately.

THAT eligible Stand for Business, corner of Market and Front Street. The Store is well fitted up. Apply to

BOSLER & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 28, 1814.

FOR SALE,

THE TWO FOLLOWING DESCRIBED

Tracts of Land,

Situate on & near the Monongahela river, in Redstone settlement, about 30 miles above Pittsburgh, to wit :—

ONE TRACT, containing one entire survey of about 350 Acres of fine rich Land, situate in Fayette county, Luzerne township, about five miles southward of Brownsville, and one and an half miles from the River, through which passes a stream called Rushy Run, and on which Tract is the following Improvements—a new Dwelling House, erected in 1809, of the best materials, and neatly finished in a workman like manner, 20 by 22 feet, underpinned with stone, with a stone chimney and oven, an old Dwelling House about the same size nearly adjoining, a very excellent Barn, 23 by 50 feet, underpinned with stone, also, a Corn Crib, a Spring House, a Cooper Shop, adjoining the House, a thriving Nursery of Fruit Trees, and a Garden and Orchard of 125 Apple and Peach Trees. The Land now under cultivation on the above Tract consists of about 70 Acres in very excellent farming condition, of which 12 to 20 Acres are very nice Meadow, and a further quantity of from 40 to 50 Acres of fine Meadow may be made along Rushy Run. Through this Tract passes the direct roads from Brownsville to Crawford's Ferry on the Monongahela River, and also, that from the Ferry to Union Town. The improvements are now in the possession of Edward Eaglen, tenant on the premises.

One other Tract of Land, part of two surveys, containing about 550 Acres of Land, situate in Washington county, adjoining on the west side of the Monongahela River, about 6 miles about Brownsville, one mile north of Frederick Town, and about one mile southward of Friends Meeting House at Westland, and containing the mill stream known by the name of Fishpot Run; the Improvements on this Tract are as follows:—A good Log Dwelling House 21 by 18 feet, underpinned with stone, a stone Chimney and Oven, a Kitchen, an old Dwelling, Workshop, and Spring House, a good Barn 60 by 25 feet, a good shingled roof, built of hewn logs, and a Corn Crib; around the house is about 80 Acres of cleared Land in good arable condition, on Fishpot Run, about 300 yards from the river there has been a Saw Mill supported for many years, and at which much timber has been sawed, and the stream may be made very capable of advantageous employment for country purposes either for grist or for sawing timbers. In addition to this the situation of this Tract on the Monongahele River affords several places for River Mill Seats. On this Tract there are the following other Clearings and Tenements, which form separate settlements, in case a purchaser of the whole might choose to divide them off for Sale. On 94 Acres of this Tract, lying between two runs which join before they reach the river, is an improvement of about 10 Acres with a Log House and Stable, also, about 5 Acres of the low flats cleared near the river, on the road leading into Frederick Town, and also about 8 Acres cleared lying detached on the west side of Fishpot Run, a considerable portion of the uncleared land lies with each of the above divisions. The improvements are in the possession of Gabriel Swineheart and Francis Leak, tenants, on the premises.

On both these Tracts of Land there are large quantities of Coal, Limestone and Freestone, and the Timber has been well preserved, and is very good, with a plentiful proportion of Sugar Trees. The boundaries of all the Land are fully kept up, and the purchasers may be satisfied of having a clear title.

A more particular description of the Land is not necessary, as it is presumed a purchaser will not be satisfied without a particular examination of the premises. Application for the purpose may be made to the subscriber at Brownsville, or to JOSHUA & THOMAS GILPIN, Philadelphia.

ADAM JACOBS.

April 22, 1814. 2m.

COMMUNICATION.

Lake Erie.

MURRAY, DRAPER, FAIRMAN AND J. WEBSTER,

RESPECTFULLY inform the Public, that the drawings representing the VICTORY ON LAKE ERIE are now completed and in the hands of the Engraver. Those persons desirous of patronizing the Engravings, may have an opportunity of seeing the original drawings at the house of G. MURRAY, 49, Sansom-st. until the 15th instant.

N. B. Every exertion will be made by the publishers to have the work completed as soon as possible.

Philadelphia, April 14, 1814.

Truly fortunate indeed!

The 20,000 dollar prize

Also from Waite's Office

No. 13,648 THE CAPITAL PRIZE OF 20,000 *dollars, was drawn*

ON Tuesday last in the Washington Monument Lottery. It was sold by the truly fortunate venders of Tickets G. & R. WAITE, and was sent in a letter only a few days since, to a gentleman at Windsor in Vermont, from their Office in Market Street, Baltimore. It is rather extraordinary that only eleven days prior, were drawn, two Capital Prizes, one of 5,000 dollars in the above Lottery, and one of 30,000 dollars in the Trinity Church Lottery, which were both sold by G. & R. WAITE, at their Office in Market Street, Baltimore; the Thirty Thousand Dollar Prize in shares of Tickets signed by them, being the highest prize every sold in the United States in shares of Tickets; and the highest prize ever drawn by one number, in any Lottery in the United States, viz. 60,000 dollars, was also sold by G. & R. WAITE; who have for Sale at their Offices in New-York and Albany, Tickets in the

NEW-YORK STATE LOTTERY

For the BOARD of HEALTH,

Which is the next one to be drawn in N. York,

40,000 Dollars Highest Prize:

Shares of Tickets also signed by them.

The Public will please to take Notice, that all Tickets from G. & R. WAITE'S Office will have their name printed on the back of each, and those without their name are not from their Offices. They will advance Cash for Prizes as soon as drawn, and give all Lottery information gratis.

A liberal allowance made to those who buy a quantity of Tickets.

Books and Stationary—Playing Cards—Sand Paper—Emery, &c. &c. wholesale and retail, as above. *April* 14, 1814.

HANDBILLS—CARDS—BLANKS- AND JOB PRINTING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS EXECUTED IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

OFFERS TO SELL OR RENT, FOR A TERM OF YEARS, OR ON PERPETUAL LEASE,

THE House and Lot of Ground which he at present occupies. It possesses so many advantages and conveniences, and is susceptible of such additions and improvements as would render it one of the most eligible and best situations for a first rate Tavern, and is also calculated for public business of any description. Possession may be had at any time. Terms will be made known by application to the subscriber on the premises.

JOSEPH M'CLURG.

Pittsburgh, 4th May, 1814.

ISAAC BEAN,

Has just received and offers for Sale,

200 doz. Grass Scythes,

MENS fine and coarse Shoes; mens and womens Saddles; a few barrels green Coffee; a few barrels of old Whiskey; a few bbls. ground Red-wood; also, N. Orleans Suger in barrels.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1814.

WILLIAM HAMILTON,

IMPRESSED with gratitude for the liberal favors conferred on him by his numerous friends and acquaintances, returns them his most sincere thanks, and informs them that, having declined the Saddlery business, and sold his Stock in that Trade to (his brother) *Jesse Hamilton* and Mr. *William Tait*, from whose complete knowledge of the business, he with confidence recommends them to their patronage.

The subscribers beg leave to inform their friends and the public, that they have entered into Partnership, under the firm of

Hamilton & Tait,

In the Shop formerly occupied by Mr. *William Hamilton*, Market Street, between Front and Second Streets; where, having selected a large and elegant assortment of Materials, carefully chosen at the best markets, they will be well supplied with

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S ELASTIC SADDLES

Also, Bridles, Saddle Bags, Whips and Spurs, Officers and Military Saddles and Bridles of every description, with Military Equipments, Velesses, Leather Travelling Trunks, Portmanteaus, Fancy, Dressing and Common Trunks—Coach, Gig, Chair, Waggon and Cart Harness, with every other article in their line. Any favors conferred on them will be thankfully received and executed with dispatch.

JESSE HAMILTON,
WILLIAM TAIT.

Pittsburgh, April 20, 1814. tf.

JAMES CLARK,

OF THE TOWN OF MERCER,

Who formerly kept a publick house,

AT the sign of the Indian Queen, in said town, takes his method to inform his former Customers, and the Public in general, that he has opened a *House of Entertainment*, in the house where Wm. M'Millan resided, on the N. side of the diamond, sign of *Gen. GEORGE WASHINGTON.* He trusts that the well established reputation of the house, will not suffer in his hands, and respectfully invites *travellers* and others to make trial of it, as nothing will be wanting on his part to make their accommodations in every respect comfortable and agreeable.

Mercer, April 13, 1814.

Cramer, Spear & Eichbaum,

PRINTERS & BOOKSELLERS,

Pittsburgh, (Penn.)

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

LEWIS & CLARK'S EXPEDITION

UP the Missouri, during the years 1804-5-6, in 2 vols. 8 vo. with maps.

The Life of field marshal Souvarof; with reflections upon the principal events, political and military, connected with the history of Russia, during part of the 18th Century.

Sanclair, or the victim to the arts and sciences; and Hortense or the victim to novels and travel.

The Bride of Abydos—a Turkish tale.

Lord Byron's poems, 2 vols.

The Cottage Girl.

Married Life, or faults on all sides, 2 vols.

Opie's tales of real life, 2 vols

Tales of real life, by miss Edgeworth, 2 vols

The diverting history of John Bull and brother Jonathan

A mother's advice to her son and daughter, by the marchioness de Lambert

The World before the Flood, a poem, in ten cantos, by J. Montgomery

Monastry of St. Columb, by the author of the Children of the Abbey

April 27, 1814

(To be continued.)

TO BE SOLD OR RENTED,

THAT valuable STAND which has for some years been occupied by the subscriber as a TAVERN, sign of the "*Rising Sun.*" The premises consist of 40 feet on Front street, and 90 feet back; the front buildings are commodious and excellently adapted to public business. The Malt and Brewery will be sold or rented with the premises Possession given immediately.

Also, to be Sold, 300 acres of Land in Ohio township, Allegheny county, on which are good springs, and the state road to Beaver passes through the farm.

GEORGE LEWIS.

Pittsburgh, March 30, 1814.

Warren County Lands.

DORSEY'S SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

No. 3543 REGISTER

AN undivided half part of 10,000 acres of Patented Land. The above land is situated on the Conawango creek in Warren county, in this State, embracing the East side of the said creek, (one tract deep) from its mouth to the State line: And will be sold at public auction, at the Merchants' Coffee House, in Philadelphia, on the 9th day of May next, at 7 o'clock P. M.

By Order of the Assignees.

J. DORSEY,
Auctioneer.

J. P. & J. W. Skelton,

Corner of Wood and Third Streets,

PITTSBURGH.

(Sole Agents for the Western Country)

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY

OF

PAUL'S PATENT COLUMBIAN

OIL.

THIS valuable Medicine having been established upwards of three years, and its virtues sufficiently exemplified by the number of respecta e certificates repeatedly laid before th public, it therefore now only become necessary for the information of those w.o may not have had an opportunity of perusing the certificates, to detail a few of the cases wherein the Oil has been so wonderfully efficacious. Printed handbills containing certificates, may be always had, gratis, from the Agents, who will keep a constant supply of the Oil.

The following are the complaints in which the Columbian Oil has been found so efficacious, and rarely ever fails of effecting a cure, viz——Rheumatism, Consumption, Pains in any part of the body but particularly in the back and breast, Colds and Coughs, Tooth-ache, Spleen, Pleurisies, Cholic, Cramps, external and internal bruises, Sprains and Flesh Wounds, Scalds and Burns, Dysentery or Bloody Flux, Croup and the Summer Complaint in Children, and in weak stomach, that is caused by indigestion, a constant sinking and loss of appetite, it will act as a powerful bracer to the relaxed fibre and restore it to its proper tone, Whooping Cough and Mumps.

It seems as though nature ranked it the first of the class of all pectorals and expectorals for the relief of the breast and lungs, as it scarcely ever fails of removing obstruction in either, particularly those who are troubled with Phthisic and Asthmatic complaints, who in the act of walking fast, stooping or lying down are almost suffocated, half a teaspoonful of the Columbian Oil will render some relief instantaneously, and if continued agreeably to the directions in such cases, will prove a radical cure by producing the full power of inflation to the lungs and free expansion of the breast.

To the Public.—In order to prevent deception, the public are cautioned not to purchase any Oil that may be offered as "Paul's Patent Columbian Oil," that does not bear the true characteristics as published by my principal and sole agent Doctor John Love, of Baltimore.

THOMAS PAUL, Patentee.

Baltimore, March 21, 1812.

tfq

CHEAP CASH STORE,

Between Third and Fourth Streets, next door to Cunningham's, *and opposite* Johnston & Co.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Having received a NEW supply of *Goods*, in addition to his old Stock, is now enabled to offer for Sale a very handsome spring assortment of LIGHT & FANCY ARTICLES, viz:—

IRISH LINENS, British shirting, long lawn, elegant cotton cambricks, bombazets, ladies cotton hose, dressed and undressed calicoes, ginghams, leno, muslins, dimity, a handsome assortment of silks, shawls, &c. &c. good domestic cottons.

ALSO, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Broadcloths, superfine and common
Cassimers, cords, plains, velvets, &c.
Blankets from 6-4 to 12-4
Assortment of flannels
Elegant assortment of ladies and childrens' morocco and kid shoes & sandals
Liquors and Groceries of all kinds—together with a good assortment of knives and forks
Hardware in general

☞ Shad and Herrings by the barrell.

Customers may rest assured that the above Goods will be sold on the same moderate terms as heretofore. The smallest favor will be gratefully acknowledged, and the greatest attention paid to all who may call upon him.

ELIAS WILLIAMS.

Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1814.

PARTNERSHIP DISSOLVED.

The Partnership of

BANTON & KEPNER, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of April, 1814. All persons indebted to said firm will pay their respective dues to WILLIAM KEPNER, and those having demands against it, will apply to him for payment.

WILLIAM BANTON,
WILLIAM KEPNER.

Pittsburgh, April 14, 1814.

The business in future will be conducted at the *Old Stand*, corner of Market and Front Streets, by

WILLIAM KEPNER,

Who has constantly on hand, a general assortment of

COPPER & TIN WARE,

and will be enabled to supply those who may please to call on him, on the most reasonable terms, and to their entire satisfaction.

tfq

DOCTOR HANDY'S,

WORM DESTROYING

LOZENGES,

A safe and efficacious Medicine for destroying and bringing away

WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary. The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable Medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot-full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the reader's time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are unacquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times, the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head-ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic, or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above, and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above valuable Medicine is sold only by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,

at their wholesale and retail Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets, Pittsburgh.

December 13, 1813.

TRAVELLER'S INN,

MAYSVILLE, KY.

EVER grateful for past favours, the subscriber informs his friends and the public, that the additions already made to his TRAVELLER'S INN renders it one of the most extensive and convenient establishments of the kind in this part of the country—being 33 feet on Water street by 93 feet on Centre alley; his Stables are also enlarged and attended by an excellent Ostler—assures those Gentlemen and Ladies who may favor him with a call, that every exertion will be made to make Traveller's Inn a place of entertainment for genteel guests only.

COMMISSION BUSINESS

Attended with the usual promptitude and attention to the reception of Merchandize and Country Produce.

SAMUEL JANUARY.

Maysville, Ky. January 18, 1814.

1yq

Knoblewgh & Amberson,

TAYLORS,

Respectfully inform their friends and the publick, that they have on

HAND a large and elegant assortment of Summer clothing, ready made, at their former stands, one in Water street next door to Mr. Kerr's Hotel, and the other nearly opposite to Maj. G. Steward's, in Wood street. They also have an assortment of Cloths, Cassimers, Velvets, Waist coating, and Nankeens, which they will sell low for Cash.

April 14, 1814.

N. B. *Three or four Journeymen wanted by the subscribers.*

JUSTICES BLANKS,

Handsomely printed on good paper for sale at this Office.

Doctor CHISHOLM'S

Anti-Bilious Pills,

OF A QUALITY

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a

GENERAL MEDICINE,

IN THIS COUNTRY,

Now prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Chisholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates

This extraordinary medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of Anti-Bilious Pills. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuant of bile, is without example; never producing debility, or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child, or weakly female.

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excrutiating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains*, wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flax-seed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and *diseases of the liver*, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills, taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case, the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY in Pittsburgh, by

J. P. & J. W. SKELTON

At their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

February 1814.

tfq

BRASS FOUNDERY.

THE subscriber takes the liberty to inform his friends and the public in general, that having procured some of the most experienced workmen from the city of Baltimore; and having entered largely in the BRASS FOUNDERY business, he flatters himself, to be able to furnish any castings of Copper or Brass upon as good terms as they can be obtained either in Baltimore or Philadelphia—such as

Andirons of the newest fashions.
Candlesticks, Carpet Rods,
Still Cocks, Rivets,
Salder, Clock Castings,
Bells of any description,
And all kinds of Castings of Machinery,
All kinds of Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Work,

Upon as good terms as they can be had in the place. A very handsome assortment of TIN WARES—on hand, a few large STILLS, of the best quality, at one dollar per gallon. Coppersmiths, Merchants, and others, who will favor him with their orders, for any thing in the above branches, shall be punctually and promptly attended to.

GEORGE MILTENBERGER.

N. B. The highest price in Cash, will be given for Old Copper, Brass & Pewter.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 26, 1814. tf.

BARR IRON.

The subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping, a general assortment of

JUNIATA & CENTRE COUNTY

BARR IRON,

which he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of waggon tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best waggon boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.

Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

BRIGHTON IRON WORKS

FOR SALE.

THIS elegant establishment consists of a *Furnace*, *Forge*, *Grist* and *Saw Mill*, together with extensive Coal, Store and Dwelling Houses, situate at the middle falls of Big Beaver creek, one mile from navigable water, 3 miles from the Ohio, 3 miles from the town of Beaver, and 28 miles from Pittsburgh. The Grist and Saw Mill are now usefully employed, and can be made very productive at a small expence. The Furnace and Forge are equal to any in the western country. The scite for water works comprises advantages equal if not superior to any on the Brandywine. The adjacent country abounds with ore, fuel and provisions, and the facility of transportation by water from the works to every part of the western country promises a sure and steady market for all its productions. The works are well supplied with first rate forge and furnace hands. The forge is now in operation, and the usual number of hands and teams are constantly employed in providing stock for a new blast, which it is intended shall take place about the 1st of March next, whether sold or not. The casting house is spacious and well supplied with flasks, patterns, and other requisite articles.—Possession can be given either before or after the first of March, as may be agreed upon, a fair price being given for the stock on hand.

ALSO FOR SALE.

A valuable Tract of Land on the east side of the creek, opposite the Iron Works, affording a scite for water works equal to any on the creek, on which is erected a Grist Mill and two Dwelling Houses, and a small Farm opened.—The whole of this property will be sold together or separate as may best suit the purchaser, and the terms made easy.

Apply to OLIVER ORMSBY, in Pittsburgh, or the subscriber on the premises.

JEREMIAH BARKER.

Brighton, 25th January, 1814.

Lots for Sale or Lease.

I WILL Sell or Let on Perpetual Lease, the property on which I now live, consisting of four full LOTS of Ground, with an excellent two story brick House, well finished.

WM. B. FOSTER.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 9, 1814. tf

Valuable Property

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale the very valuable Property on which he resides, at the corner of Market and Fourth Streets, and extending in depth to Chancery Lane, with all the improvements thereon. In order to accommodate those who may feel inclined to purchase it will be sold together or in such portions as will accommodate. He thinks it useless to recapitulate the many advantages which this property possesses as a stand for business, or as a convenient and pleasant dwelling for a private family.—The buildings are in complete repair, and the Brick House is built of the best materials in the modern style, and in the most substantial manner. This property is clear of ground rent, or any other incumbrance whatever. For terms apply to WOOLMAN GIBSON.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1814.

PITTSBURGH WIRE

MANUFACTORY.

The subscriber has on hand, and offers

FOR SALE.

AT THE PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

WITH the addition of carriage, an assortment of *WIRE*, made of the Juniata iron, from No. 1 to No. 24, inclusive. Any higher number made agreeable to order. He hopes that the manufacturers and merchants of the western country, will give him a portion of their custom, to support a new and large establishment.

Square inch iron, will be rolled down for smiths and other mechanics, at the following prices, viz:

To 7-8 one dol. per cwt.

6-8	two	do	do	do
5-8	three	do	do	do
4-8	four	do	do	do
3-8	five	do	do	do

WM: EICHBAUM.

March 23, 1814 tfq

BUILDING LOTS.

FOR Rent, on Perpetual Lease, a number of elegant building LOTS, bounding on Front and Second streets, and Redoubt alley, Pittsburgh, known by the name of Mrs. Adams's garden.—These Lots are situated in a rapidly improving part of the Borough; and are well worthy the attention of persons wishing a good scite for Warehouses, &c. For terms, which will be reasonable, apply at the Office of the Pittsburgh Steam Engine Company.

February 2, 1814. tf

HANDBILLS—CARDS—BLANKS—AND JOB PRINTING OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS EXECUTED IN THE NEATEST MANNER, AND ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

BOARDING SCHOOL.

MRS. GAZZAM'S SEMINARY,

Removed from the corner of Fourth and Market streets, to the house formerly occupied by Philip Mowry, Esqr. in Fifth, near Market street, where,

YOUNG Ladies are instructed in orthography, reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar, geography, composition, and needle work at $4 per quarter—Musick and drawing separate charges. The junior classes are taught spelling, reading, sewing, etc. at $3.

In addition to the day school, Mrs. G. proposes to take twelve young ladies to board, whose tuition will be on the same terms as the day scholars, and their hours so appropriated as to improve the health of body and mind. They will be taught to cut, make, & repair their own clothes. They will be permitted to visit their parents once a week, (if in town) but to receive no young visitors, unless attended by a servant. Terms of boarding, $125 per annum, payable quarterly.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1814 tfq

THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVE ON HAND AND OFFER FOR SALE ON REASONABLE TERMS,

TWO hundred bales N. Orleans cotton,

TWENTY Faggots English Crowley steel, warranted,
2 Tons Swedish blister do do
100 Faggots Truman's crowley, do
3 Tons American blister do
100 Bbls New Orleans sugar
10 Tons Logwood
20 Tubs German steel
300 Boxes Geneva window glass
1000 lbs Refined Salt petre
5000 lbs Crude do do
50 Dozen spades and shovels.

ROBINSON & BARBER,

Wood strt. Corner Water & Front strs.

April 8, 1814. tfq

TURNPIKE ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY

GIVEN, that agreeable to an act to incorporate a company for the purpose of making an artificial road from Greensburgh to Pittsburgh, books will be opened to receive subscription to the stock of said company on Monday the 16th day of May next in Pittsburgh at the house of Wm. Morrow.

Wm. M'Candless,
John Darragh,
Philip Gilland,
George Steward,
James Morrison,
} Commis'rs for Allegheny County.

April 11, 1814. 4wq

NOTICE.

All persons indebeed to the estate of

GEORGE MEVEY, late of Fayette township, deceased, are requested to make payment on or before the 1st of June next ensuing the date hereof; and all those having demands against said estate, to forward them properly atttested for settlement.

MARGARET MEVER, Exe'rx.
HENRY NOBLE, Exe'r.

April 8, 1814.

A Valuable Farm

FOR SALE.

UPWARDS OF 100 ACRES OF BOTTOM LAND, in the Town of COLUMBIA,

ON the Ohio river, and 5 and 1-2 miles from Cincinnati, under high cultivation, with two orchards, a fine garden enclosed with board fence, a frame barn 50 by 25, corn cribs, etc. with 32 acres of grain in the ground, & a large proportion of meadow, for sale on easy terms.

JOHN ARMSTRONG.

Columbia, Nov. 21, 1813. tfq

Valuable Property

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE Merchant Mill, with two run of stones, and a complete set of merchant cloths exclusive of two good country cloths. Also, a good Sawmill, with 550 acres of Land; this property lays on Little Beaver creek six miles from the river Ohio. These mills stand on a never failing stream, sufficient to work both wheels day and night. There is on the premises another seat for water-works equally as good as the above, it is an overshot for a 10 feet wheel. Any person wishing to purchase this property, which is at least equal to any in the western country, will make speedy application to the subscriber on the premises, as he shall leave home about the middle of May, and will not return for two months. Possession can be had immediately.

MOSES DILLON.

April 7, 1814.

Cash for Grain.

ONE DOLLAR THIRTY SEVEN & A HALF CENTS,

PER BUSHELL, GIVEN FOR

WHEAT,

AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS

FOR CORN & RYE,

GIVEN AT THE

Pittsburgh Steam Mill.

April 22, 1814 tf